

# VIDYA BHAWAN BALIKA VIDYAPEETH SHAKTI UTTHAN AASHRAM LAKHISARAI

CLASS-9<sup>TH</sup>

(BASED ON N C E R T PATTERN)

Date:- 14.12.21 HISTORY

Nazism and the rise of Hitler

# Question 1.

Trace any three main features of the foreign policy of Hitler.

# Answer:

- On 30th January 1933, Hitler became the Chancellor of Germany and established dictatorship.
- Right from the beginning, he followed a policy of aggression and war towards other countries.
- He pulled out of the League of Nations in 1933, reoccupied Rhineland in 1936 and integrated Austria and Germany in 1938 under the slogan 'One people, One empire, One leader'.

#### Question 2.

The Peace Treaty at Versailles with the Allies was a harsh and humiliating peace. Explain the statement with any three examples.

## Answer:

- In the First World War, Germany was defeated. The peace Treaty at Versailles with the Allies was a harsh and humiliating peace.
- Germany lost its overseas colonies and also much of its territories in Europe.
- Germany lost 75% of its iron and 26% of its coal to France and other countries.

- The Allied Powers demilitarised Germany to weaken its power. Germany was forced to pay compensation amounting to £ 6 billion.
- The Allied forces occupied the resources rich Rhineland till the 1920s. (Any three)

## Question 3.

Explain the three fold plan of Hitler becoming Chancellor of Germany to consolidate the Nazi power.

## Answer:

- Hitler's three fold plan comprised of capturing the legal authority to rule, crushing the country's political opposition and eliminating rivals within the party.
  - In the pursuit of first, he used the Reichstag fire incident to clamp down the communists. He armed himself with the emergency powers and murdered and jailed key communist leaders and suppressed civil liberties.
- In March 1933, the German Reichstag passed the enabling laws which transferred all the powers from the Reichstag to the government headed by him.
- Further, Hitler turned his attention to the rival political parties. He outlawed all existing and potential opposition institutions. By July 1933, the Nazis were the only legitimate party in Germany.

#### Question 4.

When did Hitler formally announce his violation of the Treaty of Versailles? What reason did he give for this?

#### Answer:

- Hitler formally announced his violation of the Treaty of Versailles in March 1935.
- Hitler claimed that he was trying to make Germany equal in position to the other European powers.

• Since European nations had not followed the policy of disarmament, German rearmament was a necessity.

Mr Anant Kumar